An Indoor Navigation System using Beacons

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Abstract: In today's era of technology, everything is integrated on smart phone. Every common man has a smartphone and carries it everywhere. When people travel to any new place, in order to locate and find path to their destination, they use GPS in their smart phones. But GPS is not precise for small scale and does not work inside the buildings; therefore the need of indoor positioning arises. Our motivation behind the project is to come up with indoor navigation application that can help any new visitor to locate and find path to their destination easily inside the campus. Indoor navigation application uses BLE beacon. BLE beacon allows mobile application to determine their location on a micro-local scale. Beacon and smartphone use Bluetooth Low Energy technology for communication. Since it uses Bluetooth Low Energy for communication it consume very less battery power.

Keywords: iBeacon, BLE, Smartphone, Android Application.

I. INTRODUCTION

In today's world technology has much influence on mankind. Human life is dependent on technology. People carry their smart phone wherever they go. Today, mobile phones are not just used for making calls and messaging but for many other purposes. Today smart phone and internet have become essential part of human life. Effective utilisation of technology for human needs can make the living style better. Nowadays location awareness is important need of people.

Today Location Based Services (LBS) [1] are being used in different applications. Since location awareness have become important need of people, location based services are largely used in mobile devices. When people go to any new place GPS can be used to locate and find path to their destination. GPS is not precise for small scale. GPS does not work properly inside building therefore the need of indoor positioning arises. For providing the location based services inside the building we have implemented the indoor navigation application in our project.

Indoor navigation system uses BLE beacon [2] for location awareness. Beacon is a simple device which continuously broadcast BLE signal. This signal allow smartphone to determine their location. Beacon uses Bluetooth Low Energy for communication it consume very less battery power.

II. LITERATURE SURVEY

Here we will refer to some previous technologies and techniques used in indoor positioning.

Active Badge technique is based on infrared signals [3]. In this system, Active badge is used which emits infrared signals after fixed time intervals and sends a unique identifier to the receivers. These receivers then send the data to central server. The drawback of this technique is the short range of infrared signals. In addition to that, it also requires direct line-of-sight between receivers and the badge.

Another well-known indoor positioning system is using mTag which uses RFID technology [4]. It is used to define certain RFID receivers which are placed at different locations in an area under investigation. Also, mobile device is pinned with a passive RFID tag which is used to determine its location information. But main drawback of using RFID is high deployment cost.

The limitation of high cost system was eliminated by using Wi-Fi systems for indoor positioning. Some of these systems based on Wi-Fi are RADAR, PlaceLab and Herecast. Amongst these RADAR was the one of the earliest system which is based on IEEE 802.11 standard. These systems used different access points to determine position of the mobile device. The problem with this system is that even if one access point is down, then location information will be distorted and it will give inappropriate result.

We have implemented indoor positioning system using BLE beacon. We are using beacon which uses Bluetooth Low Energy for transmitting advertising signals. Therefore system is very energy efficient compared to other techniques such as Wi-Fi and GPS.
iBeacon is a technology introduced by Apple in 2013[5]. iBeacon is a technology which gives a higher level of location awareness over a short range distance. Since the system uses Bluetooth low energy, it consumes less battery power, which tends to increase the battery life. Bluetooth Low Energy is a personal area network technology used for transmitting data over short distances.

III. METHODOLOGY

Indoor navigation application helps to locate and guide visitors to navigate through the campus using their mobile devices. Bluetooth Low Energy advertising signals from beacons are the base of our indoor navigation system. Beacons are placed at several locations inside the campus. Placement of Beacon device is a very important step to ensure that the desired accuracy is achieved in navigation. Beacon constantly broadcasts advertising signals with a unique identifier to nearby mobile devices. Mobile application on smartphones will first locate its position using GPS [6] and then use beacon signals for navigation. Mobile devices can approximately determine their distance to the beacon via quality of signal strengths. Beacons transmit advertising signals to smartphones using Bluetooth Low Energy (BLE). This advertising signal gives location information to mobile devices. Mobile applications can interpret the signals, and trigger an action that is specified in the application. Approximately, based on the strength of BLE advertising signal received by mobile devices, distance is estimated. A routing algorithm calculates the optimal path from user location to destination [7]-[8]. The API gives approximate distance to a beacon in meters. In this way, it is possible to determine users' locations and continuously navigate them in the campus. Mobile applications not only help users to know their positions but also help them to find routes to their destination inside the campus. Thus, indoor navigation systems can be used to provide a better experience to users.

BLE advertising signal consists of three identifying fields used to uniquely identify each device.

A. UUID
   UUID stands for "Universally Unique Identifier". It is specific to beacon vendors.

B. Major-ID
   Different smaller subsets of beacons can be identified by using major id. It is specific to a region such as a college campus.

C. Minor-ID
   It is used to uniquely identify individual beacons. It is 16 bit long. It is specific to a subregion, such as a department within the college campus.

IV. ARCHITECTURE OF PROJECT

Given block diagram describe the architecture of the system.

Component of the system are:

A. Android Application
   Application recognizes BLE advertising signals received from beacons to determine location and find paths to destination.
B. Beacons
Beacon BLE device which allow mobile devices to understand their position on micro local scale. It uses Bluetooth Low Energy technology.

C. Bluetooth Low Energy
It is a wireless personal area network technology used for transmitting data over short distances. Smartphone and beacons communicate using this technology.

V. CONCLUSION
Thus providing location based information in mobile application can provide better experience to user. Location awareness in android application can provide much value to smart phone for better user experience and productivity. In our project we implemented indoor navigation application for college campus. Since application uses Bluetooth Low Energy signals, therefore it consume less battery power. In our project we have implemented more accurate cost efficient approach to indoor navigation.

REFERENCES