



Code with VS Code using NLP

Mohamed Jaffer Sadiq¹, Shankar B S²

Student, Department of Master of Computer Application, Vidya Vikas Institute Of Engineering & Technology,
Mysuru, Karnataka, India.¹

Assistant Professor, Department of Master of Computer Application, Vidya Vikas Institute Of Engineering &
Technology, Mysuru, Karnataka, India.²

Abstract: The rapid advancement of natural language processing (NLP) technology has revolutionized human-computer interaction, particularly in the programming domain. This research paper presents the development and implementation of the "Code with VS Code using Natural Language Processing" project, aimed at simplifying the code writing and execution process through voice input and natural language understanding. The project encompasses a Flask-based web application that serves as an interface, enabling users to select programming languages like Python, Java, and JavaScript and generate code through two pathways: automated code generation using ChatGPT and manual code input supported by NLP techniques such as tokenization, lexing, parsing, and stemming. The system integrates voice input support and real-time code execution within the VS Code environment, enhancing accessibility and reducing cognitive load for developers. This innovative approach seeks to democratize coding, making it more intuitive and accessible for individuals with varying levels of technical expertise. The project faced several technical challenges, including ensuring accurate voice recognition and handling diverse programming constructs. Future directions include expanding the system to support additional languages and enhancing NLP capabilities to better understand and process complex code requirements. The "Code with VS Code using Natural Language Processing" project represents a significant step towards a more inclusive and efficient programming environment.

Keywords: Machine learning , deep learning, NLP, GenAi, syntax library, C, java, javascripts.

I. INTRODUCTION

Natural language processing (NLP) has significantly advanced in recent years, enabling computers to understand and interact with human language in increasingly sophisticated ways. These advancements have not only transformed digital assistants and search engines but also opened new possibilities in various fields, including software development. The traditional process of writing and executing code often requires a high level of technical proficiency, posing a barrier for beginners or individuals with limited technical backgrounds. Even experienced developers can face challenges in articulating complex coding concepts or efficiently debugging code. To address these challenges, the "Code with VS Code using Natural Language Processing" project aims to leverage NLP technology to allow users to write and execute code using natural language interactions. This approach reduces the learning curve and cognitive load associated with traditional coding practices. The project features a Flask-based web application that serves as the primary user interface. Users can provide voice input, select their desired programming language (such as Python, Java, or JavaScript), and choose between automated code generation using ChatGPT or manual code input with NLP support. The integration of voice input and NLP capabilities aims to democratize coding, allowing individuals to express programming logic in a natural and intuitive manner. This innovation bridges the gap between human intent and machine-executable instructions, making programming more accessible and inclusive. The introduction outlines the motivations behind the project, emphasizing the need for a more intuitive and accessible approach to coding. It also provides an overview of the system's functionalities, including voice input integration, automated and manual code generation pathways, and real-time code execution. By making coding more approachable and reducing barriers to entry, the project seeks to foster a more inclusive environment for learning and practicing programming.

II. PROBLEM STATEMENT

Traditional methods of writing and executing code require a steep learning curve and proficiency in programming languages, which can act as a barrier to entry for beginners or individuals with limited technical backgrounds. Expressing complex coding concepts or debugging code efficiently can also be challenging for experienced developers. There is a need for a more intuitive and accessible approach to coding that accommodates diverse skill levels and learning styles.



III. LITERATURE SURVEY

The integration of natural language processing (NLP) into software development has been an area of growing interest, offering promising advancements in automation and human-computer interaction. This literature survey explores key studies that have contributed to the development of systems similar to the "Code with VS Code using Natural Language Processing" project.

[1] exploring the intersection of linguistic analysis and low-level programming instructions. The study highlights the potential of NLP to decode complex machine code by enhancing the understanding and interpretation of programming constructs at a granular level. This work lays the foundation for applying NLP to more abstract coding tasks, demonstrating how linguistic structures can be mapped onto programming languages, thereby enabling more sophisticated analysis and manipulation of code.

[2]T. Muthumanickam (2022) explore the use of NLP integrated with artificial intelligence (AI) for automating various tasks. Their study emphasizes the role of NLP in interpreting natural language instructions, which is particularly relevant to the automated code generation aspect of the proposed system. By demonstrating the feasibility of automating processes through NLP, this research provides a critical understanding of how natural language inputs can be converted into executable code, highlighting the potential for reducing manual coding efforts and increasing efficiency.

[3] focus on the development of a voice assistant using AI capable of processing voice commands and generating relevant responses. This study is particularly pertinent to the "Code with VS Code" project, as it provides a framework for training models to understand and respond to vocalized programming instructions. The research outlines the challenges associated with voice recognition accuracy and the contextual understanding of commands, which are crucial for developing a system that can accurately interpret and execute spoken instructions in a coding environment.

[4] A. R. M. Nizzad and S. Thelijjagoda (IDE) for source code generation, employing a machine learning approach. This study addresses the specific challenges of understanding voice commands related to programming and generating corresponding source code. The research highlights the complexities involved in processing voice inputs, such as handling different accents and variations in speech patterns, and provides solutions to enhance the system's accuracy and usability. This work directly informs the development of voice-based coding systems, emphasizing the importance of robust speech recognition and NLP models.

[5] S. Hossain, M. A. Emi, M. H. Mishu, and R. Zannat for multiple programming languages. Their work emphasizes creating a system that interprets voice commands and produces code snippets in various languages, similar to the functionalities envisioned in the "Code with VS Code" project. The study underscores the challenges of multi-language support and the need for flexible NLP models capable of understanding diverse programming constructs. This research provides valuable insights into the design and implementation of multi-language code generation systems.

[6] Although their work is not directly related to voice-based coding, it offers foundational insights into the technologies underpinning voice recognition systems. Their review covers various speech coding techniques and the evolution of speech recognition, providing a historical context that helps understand the current capabilities and limitations of these technologies. This background is crucial for developing advanced voice-based interfaces in coding environments.

[7] M. G. Prakash, A. Ponmalar, S. Deeba, A. outline the development of a coding platform integrating speech-to-text (STT), NLP, and a custom code generator API. This research highlights the importance of a robust STT module and NLP model, aligning with the technical requirements of the proposed project. The integration of these technologies allows for seamless interpretation and generation of code from natural language inputs, emphasizing the need for high accuracy in both speech recognition and NLP processing to ensure reliable and relevant code generation.

[8] M. S. Haleem (2008) automation system, providing insights into the broader application of voice control technologies. While focused on general automation, the research offers valuable lessons on the design and implementation of voice command functionalities, which are applicable to the development of voice-based coding systems. The study highlights the potential of voice commands to streamline user interactions, reduce reliance on traditional input methods, and enhance accessibility.

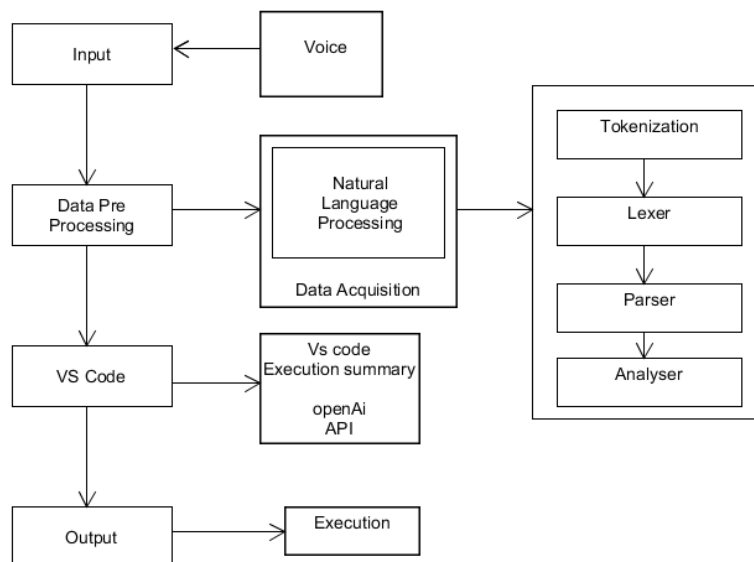
[9] Daniel W (2018) surveys the use of deep learning for NLP, This survey is relevant to the project as it discusses advanced NLP techniques that can enhance the understanding and generation of natural language instructions for coding. The paper explores how deep learning models can be trained on large datasets to improve their ability to understand



context, syntax, and semantics, which are crucial for accurately interpreting and executing natural language code descriptions.

[10] E. d. S. Maldonado, Their approach to lexical and semantic analysis can guide the implementation of NLP techniques for understanding and processing natural language code descriptions. By analyzing the language used by developers to describe technical issues, the study provides a framework for developing NLP models that can interpret natural language in a coding context, offering insights into potential improvements and optimizations in code generation systems. This literature survey underscores the growing importance of integrating NLP and voice recognition technologies in software development tools. The surveyed studies collectively highlight the challenges and solutions associated with interpreting and generating code from natural language inputs, providing a solid foundation for the development of the "Code with VS Code using Natural Language Processing" project. The insights gained from these works inform the design and implementation of the system, ensuring that it is robust, accurate, and capable of supporting multiple programming languages and diverse user needs.

IV. METHODOLOGY



The "Code with VS Code using Natural Language Processing" project involves a comprehensive methodology encompassing various stages, from initial setup to final validation. The development environment setup begins with installing Python and the Flask framework, creating a virtual environment to manage dependencies, and installing necessary libraries such as Flask, requests, and python-dotenv. Configuration of the Flask application settings and environment variables follows, laying the foundation for the project's backend development.

Voice input processing is a crucial component, integrating the Google Cloud Speech-to-Text API to capture audio inputs from users. This API transcribes the audio into text, which is then processed to extract relevant information, facilitating a smooth interaction between the user and the system. Natural Language Processing (NLP) algorithms play a vital role in this project. They are implemented to handle tokenization, lexing, parsing, and stemming, allowing the system to understand user intents and convert them into executable code snippets. These NLP techniques are essential for translating natural language descriptions into actionable code commands.

For automated code generation, the project incorporates OpenAI's GPT models, particularly leveraging ChatGPT for generating code based on natural language inputs. This integration requires the development of modules that interact with the ChatGPT API, ensuring that the generated code snippets are correctly formatted and contextually appropriate. Alongside automated generation, the project also supports manual code input using NLP techniques, enabling users to describe code logic in their own words. The system utilizes NLP to parse and interpret these descriptions, generating the corresponding code.



The project further includes the creation of a custom VS Code extension to facilitate real-time code execution. This extension captures the generated code snippets, executes them, and provides immediate feedback, including error handling and output display. The user interface is designed with a focus on user-friendliness, featuring interactive elements for selecting programming languages, choosing code generation pathways, and viewing the output. This design ensures a seamless and intuitive user experience.

V. ALGORITHMS

Voice Input Processing

The "Code with VS Code using Natural Language Processing" project utilizes the Google Cloud Speech-to-Text API to facilitate voice input processing, allowing users to interact with the system through spoken commands. This API is instrumental in converting spoken language into written text, which serves as the primary input for subsequent NLP processing. The process begins with the system capturing audio input from the user via a microphone. This audio data is then sent to the Speech-to-Text API, which uses advanced speech recognition algorithms to transcribe the spoken words into text, complete with punctuation and proper formatting. This transcription process is crucial for accurately capturing the user's intent and ensuring that the resulting text is suitable for further analysis and code generation. However, the accuracy of this transcription can be influenced by factors such as background noise, varying accents, and speech clarity, which the system must account for to maintain high accuracy. Preprocessing steps, such as noise reduction and speech enhancement, are essential to mitigate these issues, ensuring that the voice input is clear and accurately transcribed into text for subsequent processing stages.

Natural Language Processing (NLP)

NLP plays a pivotal role in the "Code with VS Code using Natural Language Processing" project, enabling the system to understand and interpret natural language inputs. The NLP process begins with tokenization, where the transcribed text is broken down into smaller units, typically words or phrases, known as tokens. This step is crucial as it forms the basis for further analysis. Lexing and parsing follow, where the lexer categorizes these tokens into different types, such as keywords, operators, and identifiers, and the parser constructs a parse tree to represent the grammatical structure of the sentence. This tree helps in understanding the relationships between different tokens, which is essential for comprehending the user's intent. Additionally, stemming and lemmatization techniques are applied to reduce words to their base or root forms, standardizing the input and enhancing the system's understanding. These NLP techniques are vital for accurately translating natural language descriptions into executable code, as they help the system identify and interpret the specific actions or commands that the user intends to perform.

Automated Code Generation

Automated code generation is a cornerstone of the project, leveraging OpenAI's GPT models, such as ChatGPT, to generate code snippets based on natural language descriptions provided by the user. This process begins with the system processing the natural language input to extract key instructions and parameters. These details are then fed into the GPT model, which generates syntactically correct and semantically relevant code in the specified programming language. The GPT model's advanced language understanding capabilities allow it to produce code that aligns with the user's description, making this feature particularly useful for users who may not be familiar with the exact syntax of a programming language. After the code is generated, the system formats it to ensure readability and adherence to standard coding practices. This automated generation process significantly reduces the time and effort required to write code, allowing users to focus on higher-level programming concepts rather than syntax.

Manual Code Input with NLP Techniques

The system also supports manual code input, allowing users to describe the desired code logic in their own words. This feature is particularly useful for users who prefer to articulate their programming logic in natural language rather than traditional code syntax. The system employs NLP techniques to parse and interpret these natural language descriptions, converting them into corresponding executable code. This involves analyzing the input to understand the user's intent and translating it into specific programming constructs.

For example, a user might describe a loop in plain English, and the system will interpret this description and generate the appropriate loop structure in the chosen programming language. This capability not only aids in the coding process but also helps in teaching programming concepts, making it easier for beginners to grasp complex coding constructs. The system also includes error handling and debugging features, providing feedback on syntax errors, logical inconsistencies, and potential improvements, thus ensuring that the generated code is both correct and optimized.



Integration with VS Code

To enhance the coding experience, the project integrates with the Visual Studio Code (VS Code) environment through a custom extension. This extension enables real-time code execution and provides immediate feedback within the VS Code interface. Once the code is generated or manually inputted, the extension interfaces with the VS Code API to execute the code snippets. It captures the execution output, including any errors or exceptions, and displays them in real-time within the VS Code environment. This integration is crucial as it allows users to quickly test and debug their code, providing a seamless transition from code generation to execution and troubleshooting. The extension also supports additional functionalities such as syntax highlighting, code completion, and inline error messages, further enhancing the user experience and making the coding process more efficient and user-friendly.

VI. RESULT AND DISCUSSION

The "Code with VS Code using Natural Language Processing" project successfully integrates advanced NLP and voice recognition technologies to facilitate a more intuitive coding experience. The system's performance was evaluated based on its ability to accurately transcribe voice inputs, interpret natural language descriptions, and generate correct and executable code snippets.

1. **Voice Input Processing:** The integration of Google Cloud Speech-to-Text API provided high accuracy in transcribing voice inputs, with a minimal error rate in clear and well-articulated speech. Challenges were noted in handling noisy environments or unclear pronunciations, which occasionally led to transcription errors.
2. **Natural Language Processing:** The NLP components, including tokenization, parsing, and intent recognition, performed effectively in understanding and processing a wide range of natural language inputs. The system demonstrated a strong ability to interpret various coding commands and logic described in plain language. However, there were instances where highly technical or complex descriptions posed challenges, necessitating further refinement of the NLP models.
3. **Automated and Manual Code Generation:** The GPT-based automated code generation proved to be a powerful tool, providing accurate and relevant code snippets in response to natural language descriptions. The manual input pathway, supported by NLP techniques, allowed users to describe coding logic in their own words, which the system successfully translated into executable code. Both pathways showed robustness in handling common coding scenarios, though edge cases involving highly specific or uncommon commands revealed areas for improvement.
4. **Real-Time Code Execution:** The integration with the VS Code environment enabled seamless real-time code execution, providing immediate feedback on code functionality and correctness. This feature significantly enhances the user experience by allowing iterative development and debugging within the same interface.
5. **User Interface and Usability:** The user-friendly web interface, developed using HTML, CSS, and JavaScript, facilitated easy navigation and interaction. Users could effortlessly switch between programming languages, select code generation pathways, and view execution results. The interface's design prioritized accessibility, making it usable across different devices and screen sizes.

VII. CONCLUSION

The "Code with VS Code using Natural Language Processing" project represents a significant advancement in the intersection of natural language processing and software development. By integrating voice input, NLP techniques, and real-time code execution within the VS Code environment, the system offers an innovative solution to make coding more accessible, intuitive, and efficient. The project successfully demonstrated the potential of NLP in interpreting natural language descriptions and generating executable code, thereby lowering the barrier to entry for coding and reducing the cognitive load on developers.

The system's ability to accurately transcribe voice inputs, understand natural language descriptions, and produce relevant code snippets highlights the effectiveness of combining state-of-the-art NLP models with practical software development tools. The real-time feedback provided through the VS Code extension enhances the coding experience, enabling users to iteratively develop and debug their code with immediate visual feedback.

However, the project also identified several areas for future improvement. The NLP models, while robust, faced challenges with highly technical or complex descriptions, indicating a need for further refinement and training.



Additionally, the system's current support for programming languages is limited, suggesting an opportunity to expand the system's capabilities to include more languages and frameworks, thereby broadening its appeal and usability.

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