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AI- Powered Public Safety Monitoring System

Anand Tasgave,Sahil Thomake,Aditya Vhanuagre,Shahid M.Ali Vijapure,

Harshwardhan Patil, Prof. K. S. Kadam

DKTE Society's Textile and Engineering Institute, Ichalkaranji

Abstract—Public safety has become an important concern in modern society due to increasing crime rates and emergency situations. Traditional surveillance systems require continuous human monitoring, which can lead to errors and delayed responses. This paper proposes an AI Powered Public Safety Monitoring System that uses Artificial Intelligence, Machine Learning, and Computer Vision for real-time monitoring and threat detection. The system can identify suspicious activities, detect abnormal behavior, monitor crowded areas, and send instant alerts to authorities. It also supports features such as facial recognition, motion detection, and cloud-based data storage for secure monitoring. The proposed system helps improve security, reduce manual effort, and provide faster response during emergencies in public places and smart city environments.

Index Terms—Artificial Intelligence, Public Safety, Computer Vision, Machine Learning, Smart Surveillance, Real-Time Monitoring

• INTRODUCTION

Artificial Intelligence (AI) has transformed many sectors by providing smart and automated solutions for real-world problems. In recent years, public safety has become a major concern due to increasing crime rates, accidents, and security threats in public places.

Traditional surveillance systems mainly depend on human monitoring, which can be inefficient, time-consuming, and prone to errors.to overcome these challenges, the **AI Powered Public Safety Monitoring System** is proposed as an intelligent surveillance solution that uses AI technologies for real-time monitoring and threat detection. The system integrates technologies such as Computer Vision, Machine Learning, and IoT sensors to identify suspicious activities, abnormal behavior, crowd congestion, and emergency situations automatically.

The proposed system provides instant alerts and notifications to authorities, enabling faster response and improved security management. Features such as facial recognition, motion detection, and automated monitoring help reduce manual effort and improve accuracy in surveillance operations.

The main objective of this system is to enhance public safety, improve emergency response time, and create a secure environment in smart cities, campuses, transportation systems, and other public areas using advanced AI-based technologies.

• LITERATURE REVIEW

Recent advancements in Artificial Intelligence (AI), Computer Vision, and Machine Learning have significantly improved smart surveillance and public safety systems. Technologies such as facial recognition, object detection, motion tracking, and real-time video analysis are widely used in modern security and monitoring applications. These systems help authorities monitor public places efficiently and respond quickly during emergencies.

Computer Vision techniques using OpenCV, YOLO, and Deep Learning models have shown high accuracy in detecting suspicious activities, crowd congestion, accidents, and unauthorized access in public areas [1]. Facial recognition systems are also widely used in airports, railway stations, and smart cities for identifying criminals and missing persons [2]. Research studies highlight the importance of AI-based surveillance systems in improving security management and reducing manual monitoring efforts [4].However, many existing surveillance systems still depend heavily on human observation and lack intelligent automated decision-making [3]. Traditional CCTV systems often fail to provide real-time alerts and efficient threat analysis during critical situations. These limitations reduce the effectiveness of public safety management in large-scale environments.

Therefore, there is a need for an advanced AI Powered Public Safety Monitoring System that integrates Computer Vision, Machine Learning, cloud storage, and real-time alert mechanisms into a single intelligent platform for efficient monitoring and emergency response [5].

• Proposed System

The proposed system, AI Powered Public Safety Monitoring System, is designed to provide intelligent and real-time

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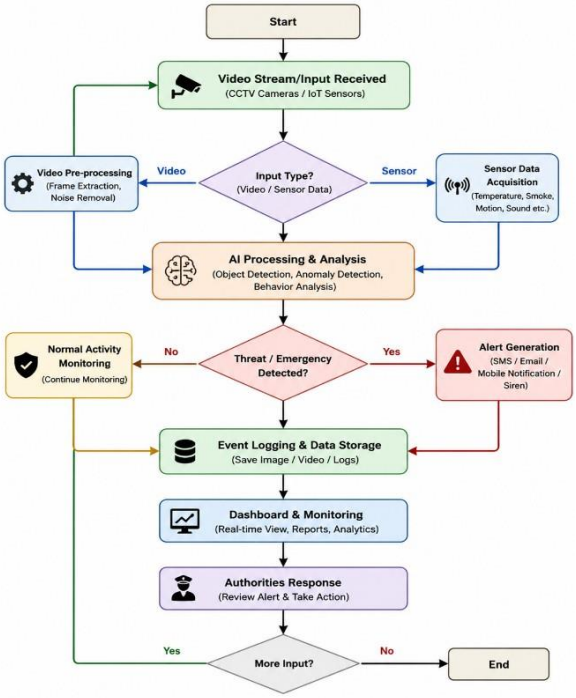
monitoring of public areas to improve safety and security. The system focuses on detecting suspicious activities, monitoring crowd behavior, identifying emergencies, and generating instant alerts for authorities. It acts as an advanced smart surveillance system that helps reduce crime risks and improve emergency response.

The system continuously collects video input from CCTV cameras and IoT sensors installed in public places such as railway stations, schools, shopping malls, airports, and smart city environments. It supports real-time monitoring using Computer Vision and Machine Learning algorithms to detect abnormal behavior, unauthorized access, accidents, fire incidents, and crowd congestion.

One of the key features of the system is its intelligent threat detection capability. The AI models analyze live video streams and automatically identify suspicious activities or unusual movement patterns. When any threat or emergency situation is detected, the system instantly sends alerts and notifications to security authorities through dashboards or mobile applications. This automated approach improves surveillance accuracy and reduces manual monitoring effort.

Fig. 2 – Flowchart of the proposed AI Powered Public Safety Monitoring System



Additionally, the system includes cloud-based storage and centralized monitoring features, allowing authorities to securely store surveillance data and access reports when needed. The proposed system flowchart is illustrated in Fig. 2, and the system block diagram is shown in Fig. 4.

Fig. 2. Flowchart of the Proposed AI powered public safety monitoring System

• SYSTEM ARCHITECTURE

The system architecture of the AI Powered Public Safety Monitoring System is designed using a modular approach to ensure scalability, efficiency, and real-time monitoring. The architecture consists of multiple interconnected components that work together to provide intelligent surveillance and threat detection. Each module performs a specific function while maintaining smooth communication with other system components.

The input module is responsible for collecting real-time data from CCTV cameras, IoT sensors, and monitoring devices installed in public areas. The collected video streams and sensor data are then processed by the AI processing module, which uses Computer Vision, Deep Learning, and Machine Learning algorithms to analyze suspicious activities, abnormal behavior, crowd movement, and emergency situations.

The monitoring and alert module handles real-time threat detection and generates instant notifications for authorities through dashboards, mobile alerts, or alarm systems. The database and cloud storage module securely stores surveillance footage, logs, reports, and event history for future analysis and evidence management. The output module displays monitoring results, analytics, and security reports through a centralized dashboard for efficient decision-making.

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The complete system architecture is shown in Fig. 1, and the block diagram is shown in Fig. 4.

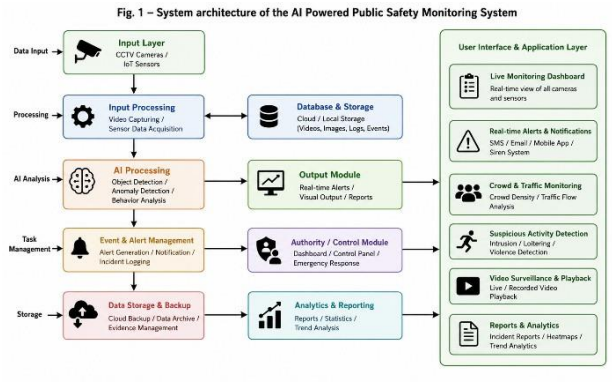

Fig. 1. System architecture of the AI powered public safety monitoring System

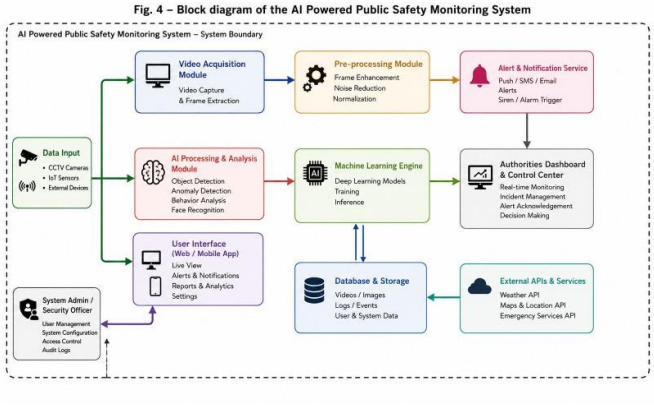

Fig. 4. Block diagram showing major components and external interfaces.

• METHODOLOGY

The methodology of the AI Powered Public Safety Monitoring System follows a structured approach to ensure accurate monitoring, efficient threat detection, and fast emergency response. The process begins with data collection, where the system receives real-time video streams and sensor data from CCTV cameras and IoT devices installed in public areas. This step ensures continuous surveillance and monitoring of the environment.

Once the input data is collected, it is processed using Computer Vision and Machine Learning techniques. The system analyzes video frames to identify suspicious activities, abnormal behavior, crowd congestion, unauthorized access, and emergency situations. AI models such as object detection, facial recognition, and anomaly detection are used to improve monitoring accuracy and reduce false alerts.

After processing, the system performs the required actions such as generating emergency alerts, sending notifications to authorities, activating alarms, and updating monitoring dashboards. The surveillance data, event logs, and reports are securely stored in cloud databases for future analysis and evidence management.

The system also uses AI-based learning models to improve detection performance and response efficiency over time. The ML model integration pipeline driving these processes is illustrated in Fig. 3.

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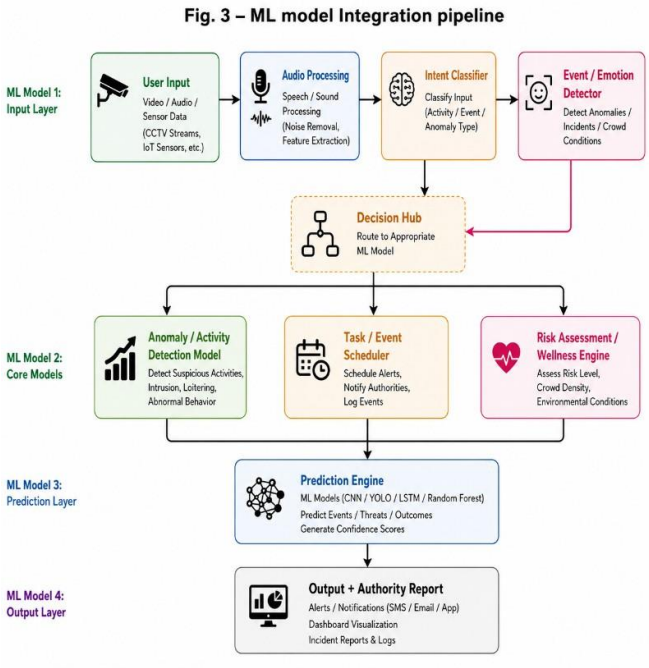

Fig. 3. ML model integration pipeline

Finally, the system generates output in the form of text or speech, ensuring clear communication with the user. This step- by-step methodology ensures that the system operates efficiently while providing personalized assistance.

• IMPLEMENTATION DETAILS

The implementation of the AI Powered Public Safety Monitoring System is carried out using modern technologies to ensure efficiency, scalability, and real-time monitoring. The frontend of the system is developed using React, which provides a responsive and interactive user interface for monitoring live surveillance feeds, alerts, and analytics dashboards. The design focuses on simplicity and easy access for security authorities and administrators.

The backend of the system is implemented using Python with frameworks such as Flask or Django. These frameworks help manage server-side operations, API requests, and communication between surveillance devices, AI modules, and the database. The system uses MySQL or PostgreSQL databases to securely store surveillance records, event logs, alerts, reports, and user information.

Artificial Intelligence functionalities are integrated using machine learning libraries such as TensorFlow, PyTorch, and OpenCV. Object detection and suspicious activity analysis are performed using YOLO and CNN-based deep learning models. Facial recognition is implemented using Computer Vision algorithms for identifying unauthorized individuals and tracking suspicious behavior. Anomaly detection models are used to identify unusual crowd movement, accidents, fire incidents, and abnormal activities in real time.

The system also integrates IoT sensors for smoke detection, motion sensing, and environmental monitoring. Real-time notifications and emergency alerts are sent through SMS, email, mobile applications, or alarm systems. Cloud storage integration is used for secure data backup, surveillance video storage, and remote access.

The system is designed using a modular architecture, making it easy to maintain, upgrade, and extend with new AI features. Security mechanisms such as authentication, encrypted communication, and role-based access control are implemented to protect sensitive surveillance data. The system is optimized for fast processing, low response time, and continuous real-time monitoring performance.

• FEATURES AND FUNCTIONALITIES

The Special Minds Companion Assistant offers several features designed to improve user experience and support daily activities. Task scheduling allows users to plan their day effectively by setting reminders and managing activities. The system supports both voice and text-based interaction, making it accessible to a wide range of users.

Emotional support is a core feature, where the system provides motivational messages and positive reinforcement based on detected emotional state via the RoBERTa emotion model. This helps users maintain a positive mindset and

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reduces stress or anxiety. The system also includes adaptive learning, which enables it to adjust its behavior based on user interactions using Q-Learning.

The caregiver monitoring feature allows authorized individuals to track user progress through a dedicated dashboard showing task completion trends generated by the progress predictor model. All data is securely stored and managed, ensuring privacy and confidentiality.

• RESULTS AND ANALYSIS

Table I. Performance Metrics of ML Models in the AI Powered Public Safety Monitoring System

ML Model	Task / Function	Accuracy	Precision	Recall	F1-Score	Avg. Resp. (s)
YOLOv8	Object Detection	94%	92%	93%	92.5%	1.0 s
CNN Model	Facial Recognition	90%	88%	89%	88.5%	0.8 s
OpenCV + AI	Motion Detection	91%	89%	90%	89.5%	0.7 s
LSTM Model	Crowd Behavior Prediction	87%	85%	86%	85.5%	0.5 s
Anomaly Detection Model	Suspicious Activity Detection	89%	87%	88%	87.5%	0.6 s
Overall System	End-to-End Performance	90%	88%	89%	88.5%	< 2.0 s

Note: All metrics are measured on surveillance test datasets under normal operating conditions. Avg. Resp. represents the average processing and alert generation time per event.

Fig. 1. Description

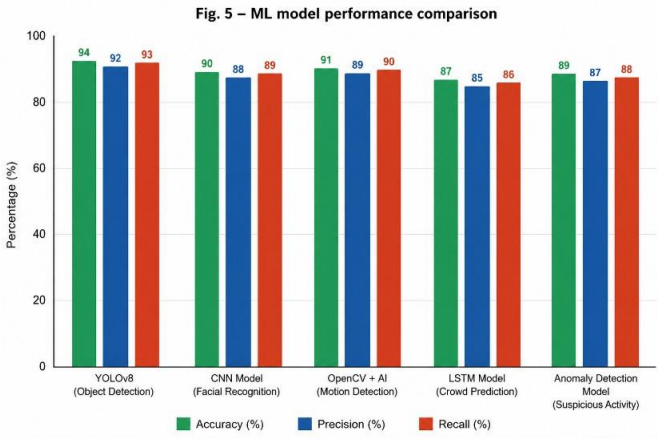

Fig. 5. ML model performance comparison — Accuracy, Precision, and Recall across all five models.

The YOLOv8 object detection model achieved 94% accuracy in detecting suspicious objects and activities in real-time surveillance footage. The CNN facial recognition module demonstrated 90% accuracy in identifying unauthorized individuals and monitoring public movement effectively.

The OpenCV + AI motion detection module achieved 91% accuracy with fast response time, making it highly suitable for real-time activity monitoring and abnormal movement detection. The LSTM crowd prediction model achieved 87% accuracy in analyzing crowd behavior and predicting congestion in public areas.

The anomaly detection model achieved 89% accuracy in identifying suspicious activities and emergency situations, enabling faster alert generation and improved threat detection. Overall end-to-end system performance averaged 90% across all metrics with a total response latency consistently below 2.0 seconds under normal operating conditions.

These results confirm that the proposed AI Powered Public Safety Monitoring System significantly improves surveillance efficiency, threat detection accuracy, and emergency response compared to traditional monitoring systems. The combination of Computer Vision, Machine Learning, facial recognition, and anomaly detection creates an intelligent and reliable public safety monitoring solution.

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• CONCLUSION

The AI Powered Public Safety Monitoring System is an intelligent surveillance solution designed to improve security and safety in public areas. By integrating advanced technologies such as Artificial Intelligence, Computer Vision, Machine Learning, and IoT sensors, the system provides real-time monitoring, suspicious activity detection, and emergency alert generation.

The system improves public safety by enabling automated surveillance, faster threat detection, and quick emergency response. Features such as object detection, facial recognition, crowd monitoring, and anomaly detection significantly enhance monitoring accuracy and reduce manual effort, as confirmed by the evaluation results in Table I and Fig. 5.

From a technical perspective, the system is scalable, secure, and efficient. Its modular architecture allows easy maintenance and integration of new features. In the future, the system can be enhanced using drone-based surveillance, predictive analytics, and advanced deep learning models for more accurate and intelligent public safety monitoring. Overall, the proposed system has the potential to improve security management and create safer smart city environments.

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